

## ASSESSMENT TOOL

### SELECTING COMBS AND CUTTERS

**A**

<b>Competency</b>	RTE2302A	Grind Combs and Cutters for Machine Shearing
<b>Learning Object</b>	11	Comb and Cutter Preparation

<b>Trainee Name</b>		<b>Trainee No.</b>	
<b>Trainer Name</b>		<b>RTO No.</b>	

Match the phrases in the two columns below by drawing a line to link statements that will help you select the right combs and cutters for the job.

New combs with medium bevels	may not enter the wool easily in tight sheep.
Comb teeth that are too thin	enter easier and work best in tight sheep.
Combs with a wide pull on the bottom teeth	are hard to enter between wool fibres.
New combs or combs with medium bevels	are more suited to shearing sheep that are "tight" or have cotted fleeces.
Combs half the thickness of new combs or with long bevels	are no use at all in merino sheep.
Thin combs (plates)	are best suited to good combing sheep.
Short bevels	are more suited to shearing clean sheep with "open" fleeces.
Long bevels	are suitable for crutching and shearing lambs, especially in dusty conditions.
Medium bevels	won't ride easily over wrinkles and tend to cut the skin easily.

